

## ■ Indicators, dimensions and data sources for selected monitoring systems

	<b>Wiesbaden</b>	<b>Integration report NRW</b>	<b>Federal state indicator set</b>	<b>BAMF integration report</b>	<b>Indicator set for Federal Commissioner</b>	<b>Berlin Institute</b>
<b>Indicators</b>	26 pre-defined indicators	No pre-defined indicator set	7 primarily demographic key figures and 28 indicators	No pre-defined indicator set	100 predefined indicators (2009 report recommends reduction to 53)	15 basic and 5 “dynamic” indicators (changes between the first and second generation)
<b>Dimensions/ areas</b>	Four dimensions, divided into eleven areas: (1) Legal integration (2) Education system (3) Labour market (4) Housing market (5) Value convergence (6) Language acquisition (7) Health (8) Period of residence and intent to remain (9) Multicultural cohabitation (10) Social contacts (11) Naturalisations	In essence, schooling and labour market participation, income and risk of poverty. In other chapters data concerning the population structure in NRW, immigration, emigration, naturalisation and citizenship.	Six areas: (1) Early education and language promotion (2) School and training (3) Work and income (4) Health (5) Housing (6) Criminality, violence and discrimination	Four dimensions, divided into 22 areas. To date 6 working papers: (1) Basic data on immigrant population (2) Naturalisation (3) Language integration (4) Schooling (5) Professional and academic training (6) Housing and inner city segregation	14 areas: (1) Legal status (2) Early education and language promotion (3) Education (4) Training (5) Labour market (6) Social integration and income (7) Integration within society (8) Housing (9) Health (10) Demography (11) Media use (12) Inter-cultural acceptance (13) Politics (14) Criminality, violence, xenophobia	Four areas: (1) Assimilation (2) Education (3) Gainful activity (4) Social security and five dynamic indicators. The term “Assimilation” accounts for the proportion of persons with German citizenship as well as the scale of bicultural marriages.
<b>Data sources</b>	Not detailed individually, various (local) sources, some from local surveys.	Microcensus, various official and administrative statistics. Supplementation planned by surveys on social integration.	Microcensus, various official and administrative statistics.	Microcensus, various official and administrative statistics, sources of empirical social research.	Microcensus, various official and administrative statistics, sources of empirical social research (e.g. SOEP).	Exclusively the 2005 microcensus.

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